

System Name: Carroll Water Works PWS ID:0381010

2023 Report (2022 data)

ASSESSMENTS					
During the past year we were required to conduct Assessment(s)	Number of assessments required in the reporting year.	Number of assessments completed in the reporting year.	Number of corrective actions required.	Number of corrective actions completed.	Coliforms are bacteria that are naturally present in the environment and are used as an indicator that other, potentially harmful, waterborne pathogens may be present or that a potential pathway exists through which contamination may enter the drinking water distribution system. We found coliforms indicating the need to look for potential problems in water treatment or distribution. When this occurs, we are required to conduct assessment(s) to identify problems and to correct any problems that were found during these assessments.
1) Level 1 Assessment	1	1	1	1	

LEAD AND COPPER							
Contaminant (Units)	Action Level	90 th percentile sample value *	Date	# of sites above AL	Violation Yes/No	Likely Source of Contamination	Health Effects of Contaminant
Copper (ppm)	1.3	0.762	9/8/2021		No	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives.	Copper is an essential nutrient, but some people who drink water containing copper in excess of the action level over a relatively short amount of time could experience gastrointestinal distress. Some people who drink water containing copper in excess of the action level over many years could suffer liver or kidney damage. People with Wilson's Disease should consult their personal doctor.
Lead (ppb)	15	2	9/8/2021		No	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits.	(15 ppb in more than 5%) Infants and young children are typically more vulnerable to lead in drinking water than the general population. It is possible that lead levels at your home may be higher than at other homes in the community as a result of materials used in your home's plumbing. If you are concerned about elevated lead levels in your home's water, you may wish to have your water tested and flush your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using tap water. Additional information is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791). (above 15 ppb) Infants and children who drink water containing lead in excess of the action level could experience delays in their physical or mental development. Children could show slight deficits in attention span and learning abilities. Adults who drink this water over many years could develop kidney problems or high blood pressure.

DETECTED WATER QUALITY RESULTS

Contaminant (Units)	Level Detected*	MCL	MCLG	Violation YES/NO	Likely Source of Contamination	Health Effects of Contaminant
Radioactive Contaminants						
Uranium (ug/L)	1.6 8/7/2019	30	0	No	Erosion of natural deposits.	Some people who drink water containing uranium in excess of the MCL over many years may have an increased risk of getting cancer and kidney toxicity.
Inorganic Contaminants						
Fluoride (ppm)	0.28 7/27/2022	4	4	No	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories.	Some people who drink water containing fluoride in excess of the MCL over many years could get bone disease, including pain and tenderness of the bones. Fluoride in drinking water at half the MCL or more may cause mottling of children's teeth, usually in children less than nine years old. Mottling also known as dental fluorosis, may include brown staining and/or pitting of the teeth, and occurs only in developing teeth before they erupt from the gums.

SECONDARY CONTAMINANTS

Secondary MCLs (SMCL)	Level Detected	Date	Treatment technique (if any)	AL (Action Level), SMCL or AGQS (Ambient groundwater quality standard)	Specific contaminant criteria and reason for monitoring
Chloride (ppm)	ND	7/27/22	N/A	250	Wastewater, road salt, water softeners, corrosion.
Fluoride (ppm)	0.28	7/27/22	N/A	2	<i>Add Health effects language from Env-Dw 806.11 or attach public notice to CCR.</i>
Iron (ppm)	0.042	7/27/22	N/A	0.3	Geological.
Manganese (ppm)	ND	7/27/22	N/A	0.05	Geological.
Nickel	ND	7/27/22	N/A	N/A	Geological; electroplating, battery production, ceramics.
PH (ppm)	6.84	7/27/22	N/A	6.5-8.5	Precipitation and geology.
Sodium (ppm)	9.2	7/27/22	N/A	100-250	We are required to regularly sample for sodium.
Sulfate (ppm)	ND	7/27/22	N/A	250	Naturally occurring.
Zinc (ppm)	ND	7/27/22	N/A	5	Galvanized pipes.